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OUR GUARANTEE

On All Trees, Shrubs And Evergreens

Does Not Include Roses, Perennials or Small Fruit Plants

We guarantee stock to be just as represented, and must reach you in good growing condition or orders will be refilled free, providing reports are made within ten days after receipt of goods. After ten days, it is mutually agreed that stock is satisfactory.

All stock is nursery grown, and State inspected, but continued growth depends upon soil, climatic conditions, planting and care — conditions beyond our control. We will, however, replace plants at half price if reports are made during current season. It is mutually agreed that in any event we will not be liable for more than purchase price of stock.

PRICES QUOTED ARE NET, F.O.B. NURSERY, AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

SALES TAX - All orders are subject to an additional 21/2 per cent State Tax.

SHIPPING SEASON - Our Spring shipping season usually begins early in April and until about the first of June everything can be transplanted. Perennials and stock dug with a ball of earth can be moved at any time during the Summer. Our Fall season starts with the digging of evergreens in August, followed in October by Deciduous trees and shrubs.

Plants personally selected in the field at the nursery are priced 20% additional.

ALL DELIVERY AND PLANTING CHARGES AT

HOME NURSERY

of LaFayette, Illinois

James Ingels, owner

Corliss I. Ingels, manager C. S. Ingels, production

Landscape Architects

Peoria and vicinity - Charles Bruner, 101 Kentwood Court, Peoria Ph. 5-1893 Kewanee and vicinity - J. J. Matson, LaFayette, Illinois Phone 12 ring 2

Landscape foreman Robert E. Miller

Production foreman Harold D. Shambaugh

EVERGREENS

ARBORVITAE



Globe Arborvitae

Arborvitαe, Globe—This dwarf variety is of very dense compact growth. Maintains a natural globe shape without trimming. Grows very dense and round, is admirably adapted for foundation planting. Each 12"x12" \$3.00 15"x15" 3.50 18"x18" 4.50 24"x24" 5.50

Arborvitae, Pyramidal—A dwarf variety of compact growth and very narrow upright habit. Has a deep green color. Hardy everywhere except in dense shade. Splendid for formal plantings.

24 to 30 inches

30 to 36 inches

3 to 3½ feet

4 to 5 feet

5 to 6 feet

Loop

Lack

6 compact

6 compact

6 compact

7 compact

6 compact

6 compact

7 compact

6 compact

8 compact

6 compact

6 compact

7 compact

8 compact

9 compact

10 co

Arborvitae, Siberian—Hardy variety, somewhat similar to the American Arborvitae, being much heavier and more deeply crested. Branches short and stiff, of slow growth, being classed with the dwarfs. Is conical in outline. This variety is used extensively for background in foundation plantings where dense bushiness is required rather than height.

required rather	t than neight.	Each
24 to 30 inches		\$5.00
30 to 36 inches	***************************************	6.00
3 to 3½ feet		7.00
3½ to 4 feet		9.00
4 to 5 feet		11.00

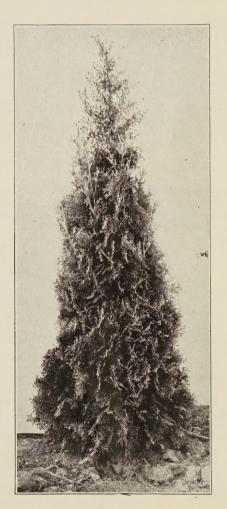
Arborvitae, Oriental Pyr	ramidal—An ei	ect grower
which has the char	acteristic flat	fan type
foliage of the orienta	l strain. Dense	e and com-
pact in habit and ver	y hardy.	Each
30 to 36 inches		\$6.00
3 to 4 feet		

Arborvitae, Oriental—An introduction from China
which has proven very hardy. Has flat fan
type foliage with rich green color. A strong,
rapid grower which can be used as windbreaks
or sheared to landscape specimens. Each
3 to 4 feet

FIR

4 to 5 feet

Pseudotsuga taxifolia (Douglas Fir)—It is a	
id grower and has long graceful branches,	
still than spruce. Foliage is soft, flexible,	
fragrant. Will grow almost anywhere	and
stand adverse conditions.	Each
18 to 24 inches	\$3.50
2 to 3 feet	5.00
3 to 4 feet	8.00
_ 00 0 = 0 0 0	



Pyramidal Arborvitae

6.00

8.50

10.00

3½ to 4 feet

JUNIPER

Juniperus	chinensis	(Chinese	Juniper)-	-This va-
riety wa	as introdu	ced by th	e U.S. De	pt. of Ag-
riculture	e. It orig	inated in	China. I	t forms a
			all leave	
shaped,	foliage st	eel-blue.	One of th	
evergree	ens.			Each
30 to 30	inches			\$4.00
3 to 3½	feet			5.00



Pfitzer Juniper
Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper)—
Low, irregular, spreading, vase-shaped of bush
form, with dense gray-green foliage of soft
feathery appearance. Extremely hardy, and will grow anywhere. Very valuable for foun-
will grow anywhere. Very valuable for foun-
dation and group plantings.
12 to 15 inches \$4.00
15 to 18 inches
18 to 24 inches
24 to 30 inches
30 to 36 inches 10.00 3 to 3½ feet 12.50
3 to 3½ feet
572 to 4 feet
Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Upright Trained)
—Same as spreading Pfitzer except it is trained
by stake to grow in an upright pyramidal cone.
Very effective when used with the spreading
form. Each
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet
Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana nana (Dwarf Pfit-
zer)—This plant differs from the regular Pfit-
zer in that it is much slower growing, the foli-
age is finer in texture and has a light green color. Can be used in more confined places
than the regular Pfitzer.
than the regular Fittzer.
18 to 24 inches \$7.00 24 to 30 inches 9.50
24 to 30 inches
Juniperus communis hibernica (Irish Juniper)—
Dwarf growing Juniper of very upright, dense,
columnar habit, with bluish-green foliage.
Makes a narrow column. Each
24 to 30 inches \$3.50
30 to 36 inches
3 to 3½ feet
3½ to 4 feet
A to E foot

4 to 5 feet

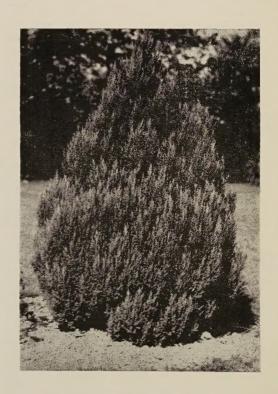
5 to 6 feet

3 to 4 feet

4 to 5 feet

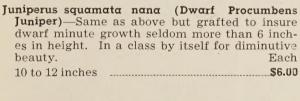
10.00

\$7.50



Greek Juniper

Juniperus horizontalis douglasi (Waukegan Juniper)—A trailer of low dense habit, covering the ground while not growing over six inches in height. The color of the foliage is a soft blue.
15 to 18 inches
Juniperus meyeri (Meyer Juniper)—It is an attractive form of irregular habit, with short, straight branches. The foliage is plump, pointed and prickly, is concave on the upper side and shiny blue color. It is a slow-growing variety which thrives to best advantage in a sunny location. 12 to 15 inches 15 to 18 inches 15 to 18 inches 16,00
To to 21 money
Juniperus sabina (Savin Juniper)—A low, much branched, spreading shrub 2 to 3 feet in height; its branches well supplied with short, straight, tufted branchlets, which are well covered with dark green foliage. 15 to 18 inches 18 to 24 inches 24 to 30 inches 5.00 26 to 30 inches
Juniperus sabina tamarisifolia (Tamarisk Juniper)—A low form of the Junipers, spreading habit, and is noted for its excellent green winter color. Very hardy and popular wherever grown. 15 to 18 inches \$5.50 18 to 24 inches 7.00 24 to 30 inches 8.50
Juniperus squamata (Procumbens or Japanese Juniper)—One of the best prostrate evergreens. Never grows over 12 inches in height, spreads slowly, and has a rich blue-green color during all seasons. Each 15 to 18 inches 18 to 24 inches 7.00





Savin Juniper



Red Cedar

Juniperus virginiana (Red Cedar)—A well-known evergreen or compact pyramidal growth. The dense foliage is a bright bluish green when fresh, maturing to a deep bronze-green during the winter. It can be trimmed in any desired shape or form, and is used a good deal in topiary work.

24 to 30 inches
30 to 36 inches
3 to 3½ feet
5.50
3½ to 4 feet
4 to 5 feet
7.50

GRAFTED JUNIPERS

Juniperus virginiana cannarti (Cannart Juniper)—The most popular of the cedars, having a rich green foliage, keeping a fine green winter color. It makes a pyramidal specimen of medium growth. Most trees bear blue berries in the fall. Each 2½ to 3 feet \$8.00 3 to 3½ feet \$10.00 3½ to 4 feet \$11.50 4 to 5 feet \$14.00 5 to 6 feet \$16.50

4 to 5 feet	leshy es in Each
Juniperus virg. pyramidformia hilli (Hills Du Juniper)—One of the most interesting of new evergreens. Foliage is a bluish-gree spring and summer, changing to plum color in the fall and winter. Grows dense formal without much shearing.	the en in e-like and
	11.00 12.50 14.00 17.50

Juniperus virg. keteleeri (Keteleers Juniper)-

PINES

Pine, Austrian-Very hardy growing, wit.	h mas-
sive needles 6 to 10 inches long of dee	p green
color on the surface and bluish-white	under-
neath. Habit of growth tall and well re	ounded.
One of our outstanding specimen trees.	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$ 5.00

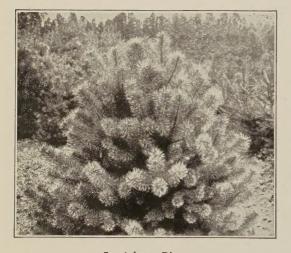
	0 1	
2 to 3 feet	9	5.00
3 to 4 feet		7.50
4 to 5 feet		10.00
5 to 6 feet		15.00
0 00 0 2000		

Pine, Dwarf Mugho—A dense, low, round, shrublike Pine of dark green foliage, extremely slow growing. Fine for planting in front of other trees.

12 x 12 inches	***************************************	\$3.75
15 x 15 inches		5.50
18 x 18 inches	***************************************	6.50
24×24 inches		8.50
		-

Pine, Norwαy—Native of Northern Minnesota and one of the best timber pines. Needles average 6 inches in length, and are deep green in color. Strong grower and recommended for screening and windbreaks.

2 to 3 feet		\$4.50
3 to 4 feet		6.50
4 to 5 feet	***************************************	9.00



Austrian Pine

Pine, White—Hardy ornamental Pine of very rapid growth. Leaves soft bluish-green, long and slender. Easily moved by the slightest breeze, so that a constant sighing and moving is kept up, which has long been the theme of the poets.

		Lach
18 to 24 inch	nes	\$3.00
2 to 3 feet		4.75
3 to 4 feet		7.00
4 to 5 feet		9.50
# 10 9 Teel		0.00

Pine, Scotch—A valuable timber tree of Northern Europe, familiarly known in Scotland as "Scots Fir." It is one of the fastest growing of the Pines and makes a very beautiful tree while young. A very hardy, rugged, picturesque tree.

2 to 3 feet \$4.00

SPRUCE



Colorado Blue Spruce

Spruce, Black Hills—For many years, this Spruce has been a favorite due to its compact and symetrical growth, even in very small trees. Its foliage varies from green to bluish tint. It should be planted where it has sun most of the day.

15 to 18 inches

18 to 24 inches

3.50

Spruce, Colorado—A great majority are of greenish cast with a slight bluish tendency. The blue color is more pronounced during the late spring and summer months. About 10% are blue enough to be called Colorado Blue Shiners. (For these selected trees we charge double the following prices.

 18 to 24 inches
 \$4.00

 24 to 30 inches
 6.00

 30 to 36 inches
 7.00

1000 BIRING	CATALOG
Spruce, Dwarf Alberta—One of the most interesting oddities among evergreens. It is of extremely narrow pyramidal growth, thickly covered with short, close set twiggy branches and clothed in grass-green needles. Some of the oldest trees we have are 30 years old and only 4 feet high. It prefers a partially shaded, rather moist location. 12 to 15 inches 54.50 Spruce, Norway—Large, fast-growing tree of Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. 18 to 24 inches 53.50 2 to 3 feet 5.00 3 to 3½ feet 6.00 3½ to 4 feet Spruce, Koster and Moreheim Blue—The grafted form of the blue Spruce is the true aristocrat of the evergreen family, by far the shapliest Spruce and the truest most persistant blue color of any known tree. In June and July these trees appear to shine when in full sun. Each 24 to 30 inches 520.00 4 to 5 feet 65.00 5 to 6 feet 85.00 6 to 7 feet 125.00	Taxus cuspidata capitata (Upright Japanese Yew)—One of the most beautiful of the evergreens. It grows slowly with a delightful irregularity of outline; its many branches covered with the rich, waxen, green foliage characteristic of all yews. Some trees have bright red berries in the fall. Each 18 to 24 inches \$10.00 24 to 30 inches \$13.50 30 to 36 inches \$17.50 3 to 3½ feet \$27.50 3½ to 4 feet \$32.50 4 to 4½ feet \$32.50 4 to 4½ feet \$37.50 \$37.50 \$\$\$ Taxus cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew)—Foliage is darker than the regular spreading yew. Slower growing, more dense in habit and well adapted for planting in confined areas. Each 12 to 15 inches \$7.00 15 to 18 inches \$9.00 18 to 24 inches \$12.50 24 to 30 inches \$18.00 \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$Taxus media hatfieldi (Hatfield Yew)—A compact bush of conical shape with upright branches and radially spreading leaves. This habit makes it valuable for thick hedges as well as specimen planting. Each 18 to 24 inches \$3.00 \$24 to 30 inches \$11.00 \$30 to 30 inches \$11.00 \$30 to 30 inches \$15.00
FALSECYPRESS	3 to 3½ feet
Falsecypress, Sawara—A beautiful hardy ever-	
	Taxus media hicksi (Hick's Yew)—A very interesting Yew of an upright type growing in an extreme, narrow columnar bush. It is rapid growing and has a deeper green color than most Yews. Each 18 to 24 inches \$ 7.00 24 to 30 inches 10.00 30 to 36 inches 13.00 3 to 3½ feet (heavy) 17.50 3½ to 4 feet (heavy) 20.00 4 to 5 feet 30.00
18 to 24 inches 5.00	Taxus hunnewelliana (Hunnewell Yew)—This is
7.00 Falsecypress, Goldthread—Same as the green type except a bright golden color. Each 12 to 15 inches \$3.00	a yew of dense habit and rich green color. It differs from regular Spreading Yew in that it is globular in shape. Makes an excellent low hedge and is good for restricted areas. Each 12 to 15 inches
15 to 18 inches 4.00	12 to 13 menes
YEW (TAXUS)	EVERGREEN WINDBREAKS
"The Cadillac of Evergreens"	Rehamited Oriental 2 to 4 feet DCD 5000

Each

9.00

Taxus cuspidata expansa (Spreading Yew)—
similar to the upright type except its spreading
habit, growing slightly higher than the spreading Junipers. Like all Yews, grows in a shady

24 to 30 inches _______ 12.00

30 to 36 inches ______ 15.00

18 to 24 inches

location.

Arborvitae, Oriental—3 to 4 feet B&B	3.00
Fir, Douglas—18 to 24 inches B&B	2.25
Fir, Douglas—2 to 3 feet B&B	3.50
Pine, Norway—2 to 3 feet B&B	3.00
Pine, Austrian—2 to 3 feet B&B	3.50
Spruce, Norway—18 to 24 inches B&B	2.25
Spruce, Norway—2 to 3 feet B&B	3.50
Albana maissa and banad an areatition of O	0 -

Above prices are based on quantities of 20 or more F.O.B. LaFayette. No orders accepted after May 1.

BROADLEAF EVERGREENS NEW! CORLISS EUONYMUS

Here is something new! The broadleaf beauty of Euonymus foliage especially developed into two shrub forms as listed, without support or training. They will, however, respond to shearing if a slightely altered shape is desired—these forms of Euonymus, because of their hardiness make the broadleafed evergreen shrub available where our climate here in Illinois prohibits such items as Azaleas, Boxwood, and Holly.

Euonymus Emerald Pride (Patent 1073) — Neat, compact, evergreen shrub of ovoid form, with an ultimate height of 4 feet and spread of about 3½ feet. Distinctly upright growth from one stem without support!

Euonymus radicans erectus (Upright Wintercreeper)—A broad, spreading, shrub clothed in rich, bright green foliage that remains on the plant the year around. It's a plant that blends well with established evergreen plantings. The abundance of richly colored orange and red berries add to its attractiveness.

3-year plants

\$2.00

Mahonia acquifolium (Oregon Grape Holly)—It has handsome, spiny, dark green lustrous holly leaves which take on a bronzy tone in the fall. The clusters of yellow flowers are showy in the spring, and later the bluish black bloomy fruits are attractive.

15 to 18 inches B&B \$4.00

SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

NOTE: Sizes are given as average height, i.e., 5 to 6 feet, or measured by the diameter of the stem 12 inches above the ground, i.e., 2 to 2½ inches.

Prices following are based on the trees being dug naked root, except where noted as B&B. B&B means that the tree is dug with a solid ball of earth. With this method small hair roots are not disturbed.

Special quotations will be made on any of the trees B. and B.

ASH, MOUNTAIN—Hardy tree, head dense and regular. Beautiful fern-like foliage, distinctly ornamental. Covered with clusters of bright red-orange berries from July until winter. An excellent specimen tree for lawn plantings.

 BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE—A graceful tall tree, showing a white bark as it matures. A fine ornamental tree in any position, especially in evergeen group, where the bark shows up most effectively.

(Sizes available in caliper to 4 inches.)

FLOWERING CRABS

"ALMEY"—Our most sensational Flowering

	Crab. It has huge dollar-size blooms of a rich fiery crimson. At a distance the tree looks as though it were a mass of flame. Semi-dwarf, 12 to 15 feet. Blooms very young. Very hardy and disease resistant. Each 3 to 4 feet \$3.75 6 to 7 feet \$7.50	
	with delicate pink double flowers, looking like small roses. An old popular variety. Each 3 to 4 feet \$3.25 4 to 5 feet \$4.50	
	ELEYI" — A very showy hybrid with a reddish foliage. The flowers are extra large rose-pink, followed by dark purple fruit. Each 3 to 4 feet \$2.00 6 to 7 feet \$4.00 EHOPA"—Beautiful in bloom, beautiful in foliage,	
	beautiful in follow, beautiful in follage, beautiful in fruit. A blaze of red in the spring. From midsummer until severe freezing, the clusters of small red Crabapples gleam brightly along the branches. Makes fine jelly too! Each 6 to 7 feet	7
	red silver"—Small, to 10 or 12 feet. An eye-catching dark purple flower (in a class by itself), fruit are also a dark maroon purple. In all, it adds up to definitely different and perfectly hardy. 5 to 6 feet	
	chestnut, chinese—One of the best of the nut trees for our climate. BLIGHT RESISTANT, nuts are larger than the American Chestnut and are equally as sweet and good. Makes a very ornamental, low, bushy tree which is slow growing but bears young. 4 to 5 feet	1
Ι	is handsome in early spring with its 4 white bracts surrounding heads of small greenish flowers, and again in fall with scarlet fruits and gorgeous red leaf coloring. 3 to 4 feet B&B	
Ι	Flowering, but blooms are bright pink. Each 30 to 36 inches	l
F	ELM, AMERICAN—A splendid native tree of tremendous size. Classed among the rapid growing trees and is not easily damaged by storms. Not advisable to plant south of a line running east and west through LaFayette. Each 6 to 8 feet	
1	American Elm. Habit of growth similar to American, but the RAPID GROWTH of Chinese Branches are straight and strong and do not break in high winds. Very hardy and RESISTANT TO ELM DISEASES. Each 5 to 6 feet \$4.00 6 to 8 feet 6.50	t -



Chinese Elm

ELM, CHINESE—Of recent introduction from	n
China. An EXTREMELY RAPID GROWER!	!
Foliage is small and dense, growth symetrica	.1
and compact. Especially useful in dry loca	
tions—succeeds anywhere. Eac	h
6 to 8 feet	5
8 to 10 feet	0

ELM, MOLINE—Variety found growing at	t Moline,
Illinois. A very compact upright a	nd fast-
grower. One of our finest trees.	Each
6 to 8 feet	\$4.50
8 to 10 feet	7.00

GINKGO BILOBA (Maidenhair Tree)—Leaves are shaped like the Maidenhair Fern. Makes a handsome, picturesque lawn specimen. Very hardy and DISEASE RESISTANT. Each 5 to 6 feet B&B \$10.00 6 to 7 feet B&B 15.00

tree because it grows rapidly and does not break in windstorms. It has remarkable DROUGHT RESISTANT qualities and will stand severe pruning.

6 to 8 feet		 4.00
8 to 10 feet		 8.00
2-inch trunk	caliper	 18.00

LOCUST, MORAINE (Plant patent No. 836)—
An improved Honeylocust with a round head
when young, but tall and vase-shaped when
older. Grows to 30 feet 7 years after plant-
ing and ultimately to 80 feet. THORNLESS,
SEEDLESS, withstands flood and drought.
Longlived. The No. 1 shade tree on the hit
parade!!! Each
5 to 6-feet whips
6 to 8 feet

5 to 6-feet whips	50 00
LOCUST, SUNBURST (Plant Patent No. 1313) The first new color in a hardy ornamen shade tree in decades. Bright Golden folia on 8 to 10 inches of branch tips, contrasts we the rich green of the balance of the transpersion of the BLOOM ALL SUMMER Exactly the same thornless and seedless chacteristics of the Moraine Locust. Very Sturand rapid growing. 4 to 5 feet whips 6 to 7 feet whips	talage ith ee ar-
MAPLE, NORWAY—A native of Europe. Grosimilar in habit to our native hard Maples, had more dense and of slower growth. Its companion habit, deep green shining foliage render it of the most desirable for streets and lawns.	out act one
6 to 8 feet	.50
MAPLE, PYRAMIDAL NORWAY—"The shαde the with α future"—This new valuable Maple, I sides being a "streamlined tree for city plaing," is useful as an accent plant, or for screepurposes. Longer lived than poplars. East to 6 feet	be- nt- en
MAPLE, CRIMSON KING (Plant Patent No. 735) Unquestionably the most beautiful of all Mapshade trees. The only variety in existence the retains its rich, dark, crimson color throughed the season. This creates an exciting contrated lawns and shrubs. Excellent for large small lawns. 5 to 6 feet whips (Spring Only) 5 to 6 feet branched 6 to 7 feet 7 to 8 feet 13	ple nat out ast or ach .50
MAPLE, SCHWEDLERS RED LEAF—Noted for beautiful rich ruby-red foliage in spring, graually changing to purplish green, then in f colors to a bright red, and purple. Ea 6 to 8 feet \$7.8 to 10 feet \$11.	its ad- all ach
MAPLE, RED—This is the true Red Maple, and distinguished by its smooth gray bark a brilliant red leaves in the fall. Likes a mo situation. It is a rapid grower of medium si Ea 5 to 6 feet	ist ze. ch
6 to 8 feet 6.8 to 10 feet 10.	.50 .00
MAPLE, SILVER—The well-known rapid-growing tree. Valuable where quick shade is wanted. Among the first trees planted for shade by the party settlers.	ed. he

6 to 8 feet \$4.00 8 to 10 feet \$5.50 10 to 12 feet \$7.50

early settlers.



Sugar Maple

MAPLE, SUGAR OR HARD—Makes a round, dense top, medium rapid growth and one of the best for shade. The leaves are beautiful autumn tints of yellow and scarlet. For shade, RIGHT NOW, we have nursery grown specimens of these to 40 feet in height. Plant one of these and, by golly, you'll have shade, RIGHT NOW!!

	Lacn
6 to 8 feet	\$ 6.50
8 to 10 feet	10.00
10 to 12 feet	17.00
2 inch trunk caliper	22.00
(Available in trunk caliper to 8 in.)	

OAK, PIN-Forms a symetrical pyramid head with

long pendulous branches. The foliage is "shredded-like" and assumes a bright red in the fall. Because of its erect symetrical and rather rapid growth, it is much used for avenues and as a specimen tree in lawns. Each 5 to 6 feet \$7.50 6 to 8 feet \$8.50 8 to 10 feet B&B 12.00 10 to 12 feet B&B 17.00

PLANETREE, ORIENTAL—One of the most useful street and park trees. It has a broad, coarse, foliage which resists city smoke, dust and ravages of insects and carries its summer green until late in the autumn. For a rapid growing tree of permanence it holds first place. Each 6 to 8 feet \$4.50 8 to 10 feet 7.00 10 to 12 feet 11,00

2 inch trunk caliper B&B 25.00

POPLAR, LOMBARD—Very tall, rapid-growing tree with spire-like habit. Its tall, narrow lines make it PICTURESQUE, and commands the landscape for many miles. Used extensively in screens or to accent shrubbery groups.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 8 feet	\$1.25	\$10.00
8 to 10 feet	\$1.75	15.00

	POPLAR, BOLEANA (Silver Leaf Poplar)—This variety is similar in habit to the Lombardy Poplar, but does not grow quite so fast. It has a smooth green bark and the leaves are silver underneath and dark green on top. Each 5 to 6 feet
7	PLUM, RED LEAF "THUNDERCLOUD"—A new introduction to the red leaved Prunus varieties. Outstanding because of its ability to hold its vivid red color during the hot summer months.
	3 to 4 feet \$2.25 6 to 7 feet 5.00
20	PLUM, PURPLE LEAF (prunus cistena)—Outstanding for its brilliant red foliage throughout the growing season. Has a small pink bloom in spring. Each 4 to 5 feet \$3.50 5 to 6 feet 4.50
	PRUNUS TRILOBA ON PLUM (Tree Flowering Almond)—The small double quilled, bright pink flowers stud every twig and branchlet in the spring before the leaves appear. Each 3 to 4 feet
	RED BUD (Cercis canadensis)—Before the leaves come out the branchlets are literally loaded with clusters of small purpish-pink pea blossoms. Native in Illinois. The foliage consists of attractive medium-sized heart-shaped leaves. VERY ORNAMENTAL. Each 4 to 5 feet
	SYCAMORE—Considered the largest hardwood tree in North America. It is one of the more rapid growing trees. The bark on the younger trunk and large limbs is very smooth and greenish-gray in color. The outer bark yearly flakes off in large white patches and exposes the nearly white younger bark. Each 6 to 8 feet \$4.00 8 to 10 feet \$5.50
	THORNE, PAULS SCARLET—One of our most beautiful lawn trees. A decorative tree with an abundance of carmine-red lowers in late May or early June followed by bright red berries. It has very attractive deep-cut leaves. Hardy and very desirable. Each 5 to 6 feet B&B
	THORNE, DOUBLE PINK—Same as Pauls Scarlet except has double pink flowers in the spring. Each 5 to 6 feet B&B
	J to 0 1eet D&D

T	HORNE, WASHINGTON—One of the best for
	formal plantings. Narrow in habit with a dark
	green glossy foliage. Blooms with an atttrac-
	tive red flower, followed by attractive "red
	haw" berries. Each
	3 to 4 feet B&B
	4 to 5 feet B&B
т	ULIPTREE—A tall, straight tree with hand-
_	some, light green foliage of very unusual
	shape. It bears large greenish yellow flowers
	resembling a tulip in later life. It makes a
	very excellent shade tree. FAST GROWER BUT
	FIRM WOODED. Each
	6 to 10 feet B&B
	8 to 10 feet B&B
	(Sizes available to 4 inch caliper.)
ιx	VILLOW, WEEPING—The well-known, graceful
* '	Weeping Willow, whose long drooping branch-
	es densely covered with fresh green leaves,
	make it one of the best-loved trees. Likes a
	moist situation. Each
	6 to 8 feet
	8 to 10 feet 5.50



Weeping Willow

FLOWERING SHRUBS

ARALIA

FLOWERING ALMOND

Almond Flowering—Very early spring flowering shrub, delightfully in bloom before the leaves. appear. The flowers are an attractive bright double pink.

10	THE HOME	NURSERY
ROSE OF SHAR		DOGWOOD
Althea (Rose of Sharon)—Uprig noted for its profusion of larg tember and October. This is which produces varied color fall. Named colors in red, blue. 18 to 24 inches 2 to 3 feet Aronia arbutifolia brilliantissin berry)—A useful shrub combi of growth, attractive summer	ge blooms in Seps the only shrub in the border for pink, white and Each \$1.00 1.50 ma (Red Chokening good habits	Cornus variegated elegentissima (Variegated Dogwood)—Silver variegated leaves, bright red bark, very attractive. Description speaks for itself. 18 to 24 inches
showy flowers and brilliant frusy green, turning bright red white flowers in early May fruit which becomes brilliant Ultimate height 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet	aits. Leaves glosin the fall. The are followed by red in the fall.	Cornus lutea (Yellowtwig Dogwood)—A shrub of medium size with bright yellow bark in the winter. Good green foliage. Each 18 to 24 inches \$1.00
Barberry—See hedges.		Chaenomeles lagenaria (Flowering Quince)—
Buddliα—(Butterfly Bush)—Beg July and continues until frost. of a pleasing shade of violet- on dense cylindrical spikes. V attractive to the butterflie white, red, and pink. 2 yr. stocks	The flowers are mauve and borne Very fragrant and es. Available in	Old-fashioned shrub with glossy leaves and orange-red flowers in great profusion in early spring before the leaves appear and followed by small quince-shaped fruit which are quite fragrant. 2 to 3 feet
SWEET SHRU	JB	Flowering Quince)—Propagated form of the
Calycanthus floridus (Sweet ioned "All-Spice" with glossy late-colored flowers with the	Shrub)—Old-fash- leaves and choco-	Quince . Upright in habit with vivid flaming red flowers. Each 2 to 3 feet
strawberry. The wood and le pleasant spicy fragrance. 30 to 36 inches	eaves have a very Each \$1.75	Chaenomeles japonica pygmea (Dwarf Flowering Quince)—Red flowering dwarf type Quince. Ideal where small dwarf shrub is needed. Each
Caryopteris clandenensis (Blue plant 2 to 4 feet high with Covers itself with fuzzy gray in September and October. Sto the ground but will renew again in one season. Medium	excellent foliagelavender flowers Sometimes freezes itself and bloom Each	15 to 18 inches
Callicarpa dichotoma (Beautyb for midseason beauty. In lat graceful branches are hidde clusters of violet-purple berrie into the winter. In August closely-set dainty, pink-tinted	erry)—Unexcelled the September, the ten by countless the swhich last well the thousands of the flowers sparkle	Deutziα lemoine (Hybrid Deutziα)—Makes a broad, rounded bush of medium growth and has large clusters of white flowers in late spring. Very hardy and has excellent foliage all summer. Each 18 to 24 inches
in the summer sunlight. Ultin feet, 18 to 24 inches	Each \$1.35	Deutziα roseα (Pink Deutziα)—This lovely plant is the prettiest and most graceful of all the Deutzias. In late May there is a superabund-
COTONEASTE		ance of delicate pink flowers which cover the entire plant. It does well in sun or light
Cotoneaster acutifolia (Peking valuable massing and hedgin dark green leaves, black fruit love them.	g shrub. Shining birds love. You'll Each	shade and is excellent for edging walks or in foreground of foundation plantings. Ultimate height 3 to 3 feet. Each 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet
18 to 24 inches	1.75	FLIONWAGUG

Each

...\$1.25

Each

....\$2.25

Clethra alnifolia (Sweet Pepper Bush)—A pretty little shrub that blooms freely for several weeks in summer, very fragrant white fowers. Plant this shrub in groups where its fragrance

Chionanthus, White Fringe-A handsome, tall growing shrub of tree-like proportions. Fragrant drooping panicles of white flowers in May

and June. Large green leaves turning yellow

in fall, followed by small blue plumlike fruits.

can fill the air. VERY PLEASANT!

15 to 18 inches

18 to 24 inches

EUONYMUS

Euonymus alatus (Burning Bush)—Has compact
habit, wood very corky which gives it the name
of cork bark. Has small delicate flowers in
late spring, followed by red berries in the fall.
Foliage turns a brilliant fiery red in the fall.
Each
2 to 3 feet

Euonymus alatus compacta—A dwarf form of the Burning Bush. One of the most beautiful and useful shrubs in existence. Can be used both in foundation and border plantings 2 to 3 feet\$4.50

RUSSIAN OLIVE Eleagnus angustifolia (Russian Olive)—Rather large growing shrub with silvery foliage. Fine for screen plantings for contrast with other shrubs. Particularly effective using it as a background for the Red Leaf Plum. Each 2 to 3 feet \$1.25	temperatures of 20 degrees below zero. Tops die down in winter, but give them a little protection and the crowns will grow into bushy shrubs in one season, 2 to 3 feet tall with masses of China blue flowers. Try this new plant in your garden. (Needs addition
	of an acid fertilizer).
Forsythia intermedia Spring Glory (Golden Bell) —One of the most desirable for border plantings, because of its very graceful habit. Flowers yellow and bell-shaped, bloom along the entire	Strong 2-year crowns \$2.00 3-year crowns 3.00
length of the branches in early spring before the leaves appear. Each 2 to 3 feet \$\frac{1.00}{2}\$	Hypericum aureum (Golden St. Johns Wort)— Hardy dwarf shrub with dark green foliage that hangs on into winter. Blooms in July-August
3 to 4 feet 1.50 4 to 5 feet 1.75	with yellow flowers at a time when most shrubs are out of season. Each 2 to 3 feet \$1.00
Forsythia, Arnolds Dwarf—This new Forsythia grows only a few feet tall and the spreading branches root readily in contact with the ground. Its compact spreading growth habit makes it a good ground cover. Introduced by the Arnold Arboretum. Each 15 to 18 inches	Kerria japonica pleniflora (Double Japanese Yellow Kerria)—Often called Globe Flower because its innumerable clustered petals give the blooms a ball-like shape. Stems are a bright green which show up well in the winter. Each 2 to 3 feet
	LILAC
Honeysuckle, Clavey's Dwarf—A new dwarf Honeysuckle, a very compact grower attaining height of 3 to 4 feet. Small yellow flowers in May followed by red berries. Very hardy and makes an idea shrub for a low screen or hedge. Each	Lilac, Common Purple—Large old-fashioned shrub with bluish-purple flowers. Very sweet scented. The most popular and earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet
15 to 18 inches	Lilac, Chinese—Finest Lilac for screen plantings.
Honeysuckle, Zabeli—This is a new form of Blue Leaf Honeysuckle which differs in that it has a brighter red bloom and a more dense habit. Foliage excellent blue-green throughout the season. 2 to 3 feet 10 rate .75 3 to 4 feet .1.25	Bloom the first year planted. Very dense growing and the foliage does not mildew. Each 2 to 3 feet
10 rate 1.00	tee blooms soon after planting. Each
4 to 5 feet 1.50	2 to 3 feet \$2.50
10 rate 1.25 100 rate 1.00 HYDRANGEA	MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA—By far the best of the hardy Magnolias, producing prolific pink shaded blooms just before the leaves open. The flowers open light purple at base, shading
Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora (Hills of Snow)—The flowers are similar to snowballs in appearance, white and imposing, blooming throughout the season. Excellent for solid low	to pink at the tips, with inside petals, clear pink to white. Our most beautiful ornamental. 3 to 4 feet\$12.50 4 to 5 feet15.00
borders and foundation plantings. One of the few shrubs which bloom well in shade. Each 2 to 3 feet	MOCK ORANGE Philadelphus cornarius (Sweet Scented Mock Orange)—Familiar shrub with vigorous erect
	habit that has white blossoms near Memorial
Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora (Pegee Hydrangea)—A well-known shrub that blooms from August until late fall. The blooms are first white, then turn pink on exposed sides. It produces the largest flower head of all shrubs. Will bloom in shady situation Do not plant in	Day. The breath of Orange blossoms, intense from the multitude of bloom, makes it a necessity to a garden and works splendidly in all sorts of plantings. 3 to 4 feet
south foundation. Each 2 to 3 feet	Philadelphus cornarius nanus (Dwarf Sweet Mock Orange)—New dwarf edition of the very frag- rant Sweet Mock Orange—just the shrub for
Hydrangea, P. G. Tree Form—The Peegee Hydrangea pruned to a single stem with a head that blooms the first year. Each 4 to 5 feet	dwarf borders, foundation plantings and where the pleasing fragrance can pass through your window. Each 12 to 15 inches

Philadelphus virginalis variety virginal (Virginal	The state of the s
Mock Orange)—A magnificent new variety. Far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and	
form. Flowers are semi-double and cover the	
entire bush in early June. Has scattered blos-	
soms the balance of the year.	
3 to 4 feet	
Philadelphus Minnesota Snowflake (Plant Patent No. 538)—A very hardy new Mock Orange. In-	
troduced by a Minnesota nursery. The name	
snowflake describes the shrub correctly. When	
in full bloom, the foliage is completely obscur-	The state of the s
ed by the profusion of large white flowers.	Spirea Van Houttei
2 to 3 feet	Spirea prunifolia plena (True Double Bridal
Potentilla Golddrop—Charming small shrub, com-	Wreath) —Shrub of rather stiff dense growth with shiny foliage, turning bright autumn tints
pact growth. Ultimate height 2-2½ feet. Ex-	in the fall. Has tiny double white flowers in
cellent for under-window plantings. Buttercup- like flowers from early June until October. Each	clusters borne with utmost profusion along all
18 to 24 inches	of the branches as the leaves appear in the
Privet—See Hedges	spring. Each 3 to 4 feet
Prunus tomentosa (Nanking Cherry)—A content-	Spirea thunbergi (Snow Garland)—A shrub with
ed-looking shrub with straight upstanding	thin, arching branches plentifully besprinkled
branches, each stem completely surrounded by	in very early spring, with tiny single snow
tiny Cherry blossoms, which envelope the whole bush. The red fruits which follow are very at-	white flowers. It is a dainty and very beautiful shrub, with feathery fresh green foliage that in
tractive and are delicious to eat. Each	autumn turns scarlet and orange. Each 30 to 36 inches \$1.50
3 to 4 feet	
Rhus cotinus (Smoke Bush)—A bushy shrub that	Symphoricarpos alba (Snowberry)—Small pink bloom in May and June, followed by clusters of
has handsome foliage and large clusters of	waxy white berries in the fall. Birds love them.
rather showy flowers, followed by peculiar	Each
long-haired seeds which give the plant the effect of being covered with a greenish-purple	2 to 3 feet
film of smoke.	TAMARIX
3 to 4 feet	
3 to 4 feet	Tamarix—Heavy growing shrub with reddish purple branches and bluish-green feathery foliage.
Rose, Grootendorst—See Hedges.	Tamarix—Heavy growing shrub with reddish pur- ple branches and bluish-green feathery foliage. Flowers in large pink panicles in August. Each
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Vitex macrop	nylla (Chaste Tree)—Rich la	vender-
blue spikes	of bloom from July to frost	. 4 to 6
feet high.	Star-like foliage. Striking	appear-
ance.		Each
2 to 3 feet		\$1.50

WEIGELA

Weigela	wagne	ri v.	evα	rath	ke (Carm	ine	Red
Weigel	lα)—Dv	varf b	ut e	rect	shru	b w	ith	deep
carmin	e red	flower	s th	roug	hout	the	sun	nmer.

				Each
3	to	4	feet	\$1.50

Weigela	henderson	i (Pink	Weigela)	—Deep	pink
	ms borne				
Weige!	la. Beauti	ful show	y shrub.		Each
3 to 4	feet				\$1.25

Weigela vanicek (Red Weigela)-Vigorou	is grow-
ing red Weigela. One of the finest W	Veigelas.
Red flowers throughout the summer.	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$1.50

WITCH HAZEL

Hamamelis	virginiana	(Witchazel)-	-A spreading
shrub of	irregularly r	ounded outl	ine, compact
when you	ng, but beco	oming open	and pictur-
			partial shade
and endu	res city cond	itions. Has	misty yellow
bloom in f	fall after leav	ves fall. Usef	ul as a back-
ground sh	rub and as a	specimen.	Each
18 to 24 ii	nches		\$1.00

HEDGES



Barberry Mentorensis

Barberry mentorensis—(Plant Patent No. 99)—Very rugged, strong, upright growing branches and quite formidable thorns, foliage is heavy and thick, and of perfect color—a green as dark as the Yew. In Illinois, the leaves remain green until after the holidays. In southern states this barberry is an evergreen. Its most valuable attribute is its ability to withstand heat and drought. Will grow in almost any impossible location.

Barberry, Green—There is no shrub in existence more commonly used for foundation plantings and hedges. Autumn paints the foliage crimson and bronze and studs the branches with red berries which hang on all winter.

 Bαrberry, Red Leαf—A shrub of medium height, with distinctly red foliage throughout the year. Needs a sunny location to bring out the gorgeous red color of the leaves.

Each Per 10 Per 100 **\$1.00 \$8.50 \$75.00**

Privet, Amur River Hedging—Well-known formal hedge plant for shearing. One of the hardiest plants grown. Does not winter kill.

Per 10 Per 100
18 to 24 inches 3 canes up \$3.00 \$25.00
2 to 3 feet (Heavy) \$6.50 \$60.00

Privet, Lodense (Dwarf Privet)—Very compact growing and requires little shearing. The foliage is very dark green and hangs on until midwinter. Excellent for edging formal gardens.

Rose, Grootendorst Supreme (Hardy Red Rose)—
This plant is the showiest hardy red rose in existence. It is covered the entire season with clusters of semi-double red roses, Vigorous grower and can be used almost anywhere in border.

Each Per 10
3-year No. 1 \$1.65 \$15.00

Willow, Dwarf Arctic Hedging—A charming low growing willow exceedingly suitable for edging. Grows anywhere in wet or heavy soils where other plants perish. Just the plant for low edging around beds or along walks in difficult location. Foliage is a lovely silver green.

Each Per 10

VINES AND GROUND COVERS

The wonderful grace and beauty of well-placed vines add untold value and charm to the home and garden.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI (Purple)—Hardy vine with very large purple flowers. They like rich, moist situations and not too sunny a location. A favorite for trellis, arbor porch. Each 1-year plants \$1.25 4-year plants 3.00

HONEYSUCKLE, HALLS—Strong grower. Holds foliage until early winter. Flowers are white, changing to yellow. Very fragrant. Excellent for holding banks and ground cover.

2-year No. 1 \$\,\\$ 4.50 per 10 \\ 25.00 per 100 \\ 3-year No. 1 \$\,\\$ 7.50 per 10 \\ 60.00 per 100

IVY, BOSTON—The most popular climbing plant for covering brick, stone or wooden walls. The color is a fresh deep green in the summer, changing to autumn tints in the fall. Each 2-year No. 1 \$1.25 3-year No. 1

silver Lace vine—The most vigorous and rapid growing of all climbers, when blooming, is covered with foamy sprays of white flowers. Excellent as a living canopy for patios, etc.

2-year No. 1 ______\$1.50

SILVER LACE (Both Regular and Dwarf Reyneutria)—This is the answer to ground cover problems in the full sun. Holds banks magnificently, even in the very hottest of spots. Flowers are foamy sprays of creamy white flowers.

VINCA MINOR (Periwinkle)—Lovely ground cover for shady places that are difficult to maintain. Dark, glossy, green leaves on trailing runners. Sky blue flowers in June to augment beauty of the foliage.

Due to an old American custom we go home for dinner between 12 and 1 o'clock. Hours 8-12 and 1-5 Monday through Saturday year around. Open Sundays 9-12 and 1-5 spring and fall seasons.

ROSES

All roses flourish best when planted in good, rich, well-drained soil in an open, sunny location, but sheltered from north winds. They should be in beds or borders by themselves where roots of neighboring trees or shrubs will not penetrate or rob the soil. Make the hole deep (10 to 12 inches) and be sure that the plant is set low enough so that the bud union (graft) is about 1 inch below the surface of the ground. As you take each plant for the packing, soak the roots for several hours in water, or better yet, dip them for a minute in a "Gro-Stuff" solution, then plant as above recommended, 18 inches part. Roots should be spread out naturally, the soil pressed very firmly around them, then water thoroughly. Prune back tops to within 4 to 6 inches of the ground when planting, and cover entire plant with earth to prevent drying of wood and buds, earth protection to be gradually removed after the buds begin to grow. Good cultivation and thorough watering during dry periods are essential to success. In early summer before the weather becomes hot, it is well to cover the bed with two inches of lawn clippings.

The Climbing Roses are quite hardy, but require winter protection in places of zero temperatures. Lay down the canes in late fall and cover

HYBRID TEA ROSES

2-year No. 1 _____each \$1.65 3 or more each 1.50

RED

Christopher Stone—Scarlet Red Crimson Glory—Deep Crimson Poinsetta—Bright Scarlet Red Radiance—Rose Red Ena Harkness—Crimson Scarlet



Rose

with earth and straw or wrap in straw and burlap, then mulch with six inches of straw or leaves after the ground has frozen. Everblooming Climbers must be well protected. The Hybrid Teas, Polyantha and Floribunda Roses must have winter protection, especially in the North. After a sharp frost, but before severe freezing weather, mound earth over and around each plant for a distance of 8 to 10 inches, then when the ground is frozen down about 2 inches cover around the mounds and over them with 6 to 12 inches of leaves, straw, sawdust, or shredded cornstalks held down with boards.

Each spring as the Hybrid Teas are uncovered, the plants should be trimmed of all wood injured during the winter months. Rugosa Roses will require little annual pruning except to keep them to the size desired. Climbing Roses, when once established, should have no trimming whatever in early spring except to prune out any dead wood. Any extensive trimming to Climbers, that you find necessary, should be done immediately following the blooming period.

A few roses in any sunny location in your yard will give you more pleasure and satisfaction than any other plant.

YELLOW

McGredy's Yellow—Buttercup Yellow
Mme. Joseph Perraud—Shell pink at edges to buff
and orange in the center
Golden Dawn—Sunflower Yellow

PINK

Picture—Pure rich pink
The Doctor—Bright pink
Radiance—Old-fashioned pink. Strong grower!!

ORANGE

Hinrich Gaede—Crimson orange

WHITE

K. A. Victoriα—Ivory white **Pedralbes**—Large creamy white

MULTI-COLORED

President Herbert Hoover—Shadings of pink, yellow and copper,

FLORIBUNDA ROSES

2-year No.-1 \$1.50

LαFαγette Improved — OUR SPECIALTY!! Double, deep red blooms, abundantly displayed in Hybrid Tea form in sturdy bushes that are covered with one of the most strikingly beautiful of all red roses.

Eutin—Large clusters of very double, 'deep red flowers on a vigorous mildew-resistant bush.

Alαin—Bright Carmine-red blooms come in clusters all over the densely branching plants. A good, clear, lasting color. Semi-double, with large, bright golden centers. Thick foliage on strong green stems and husky plants 2½ feet tall.

CLIMBING ROSES

Price \$1.50

Pauls Scarlet—Large well-shaped flowers of a-vivid scarlet red that does not fade.

Blaze—Sometimes called the everblooming Pauls Scarlet. Blaze gives a plentiful supply of vivid scarlet roses over a long first blooming period and then continues to flower intermittently all season.

PATENTED CLIMBING ROSES

King Midas (Patent No. 506)—Blooms with a profusion of large double yellow flowers.

PATENTED FLORIBUNDA ROSES

Carrousel (Patent No. 1066)—Grandiflora type with one of the highest ratings ever given by the AARS. Continuous mass of glowing dep red flowers regardless of weather. Tall growing and mildew resistant. Price\$2.00

Circus (Patent No. 1382)—The Sole All-America Winner for 1956 and the first multi-colored Floribunda in AARS history. A magnificent show of changing colors—orange, bright yellow, pink and red. Excellent for bedding, bordering or cutting. Price ______\$2.50

PATENTED HYBRID TEA ROSES

Chrysler Imperial (Patent No. 1167)—Vivid crimson red, an outstanding red rose. The buds are long and tapering. It is an excellent grower and free blooming. Winner of All-American award for 1953.

Price \$2.50
3 or more \$2.20

New Yorker (Patent No. 823)—Brilliant red with color long lasting and sun-resistant. The buds slowly open into very large flowers, often measuring 6½ inches across.

Price \$2.25
3 or more \$2.00

Peace (Patent No. 591)—Adjudged by experts to be one of the greatest new roses of all time. Magnificent large, very double blooms ranging in color from a deep yellow in bud, to creamy yellow with cerise-pink edging as the petals unfold, and finally an alabaster shade on fully open blooms. Very strong grower.

Price \$2.50
3 or more \$2.20

President Eisenhower (Pαtent No. 1217)—Large blooms of rich, unfading, uniform rose-red with lasting brilliance. Come singly on strong stems.

Price \$2.25
3 or more \$2.00

Sutters Gold (Patent No. 885)—Its most outstanding feature is its beautiful, long pointed yellow bud, richly shaded with coppery-red. When fully open it is a superb yellow rose with coppery veins through its flower petals. Won the Foreign Gold Medal in Paris in 1948 and All-American winner in 1950.

Price S2.50

3 or more 2.20

Tiffany (Patent No. 1304)—AARS award for 1955.

A beautiful phlox pink producing blooms of outstanding quality. The long pointed buds are deep pink with golden yellow shading at base of petals.

Each Price \$3.00
3 or more \$2.50

Rose of Freedom (Patent No. 791)—Currant red blooms with 60 to 70 petals borne on almost thornless 28 to 32-inch stems. Winner of City of Portland award for 1947. Highest scoring red rose in 1946-37 nation-wide rose shows.

Price \$2.00 3 or more 1.75

Katherine T. Marshall (Patent No. 607 — A rose of rare beauty and delicacy of form. Grows vigorously with large, open upright blooms of warming glowing pink. Each Price \$2.00 3 or more 1.75

TREE ROSES

Christopher Stone (Red) — Grafted on 38-inch standardeach \$6.00

APPLES

SUMMER VARIETIES

Duchess of Oldenberg—This apple produces large striped red fruit. Excellent for eating, pies, and sauces. Trees grow vigorously and are hardy.

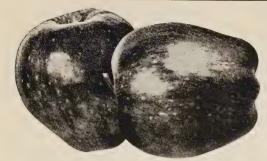
Yellow Transparent—A fine early apple. Ripens in July or early August. Bears very young, sometimes even here in the nursery. EXTREMELY HARDY.

FALL VARIETIES

Weαlthy—Deep red, flesh white, very juicy. Owing to its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habit, makes it a very popular apple. The best of its season—September.

WINTER VARIETIES

Red Delicious—A handsome winter apple of exceptional keeping qualities. Flavor very mild, almost sweet, juicy. Tree vigorous, prolific, early bearer. Extremely hardy. Good commercial variety.



Delicious

✓ Yellow Delicious — Sensational! Youngest and heaviest bearer. Finest flavor. Excellent for home use and market. Keeps all winter. Wonderful pie and baking apple. Hardy—bears juicy, rich flavor until sprinig.

Grimes Golden—An old favorite, still deservedly popular. Dependable and productive bearer. One of the best yellow winter apples. Extremely hardy. Bears young. Invariably brings

highest price in all markets.

Jonathan—For years the standard of quality by which others have been gauged. Grand good winter apple. Bright, solid red. Flesh white; form, crisp and tender. A splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Will keep well without special care; also stands much handling.

Winesαp—The best keeper of the solid all-red winter apples. Big, beautiful, delicious fresh or cooked. Grown everywhere with grand success. In big demand for shipping, drying, freezing, baking, pastry—EVERYTHING. A

perfect all-round apple.

CRAB APPLES

SMALL IN SIZE BUT BIG IN CROPS

DWARF FRUIT TREES

Bear full size fruit.

Dwarf Apple Trees—

In one or two years after planting, these low-growing, dwarf trees bear standard size apples, and now you can have a miniature orchard by spacing these "little fellows" about 10x10 feet. Originated in England, these trees ALWAYS stay dwarfed and come into bearing very soon after planting.

Dwarf Red Delicious	Mall IX
Dwarf Yellow Delicious	Mall IX
Dwarf Jonathan	Mall IX
Dwarf Yellow Transparent	Mall IX
	Each
Price	\$4.50
3 or more	

MULTIPLE APPLE

5-In-1 APPLE—Scientifically budded to produce five kinds of apple varieties—Red Delicious, Jonathan, Grimes Golden, Yellow Transparent, and Stayman—all on one tree. If your space is limited, plant one or two of these trees. THEY CROSS-POLLINATE THEMSELVES. Each Price \$4.50

DWARF PEAR TREES

Full size, top quality pears grow on these dwarf trees. Lovely as a flowering tree, they are both decorative and beautiful.

Dwarf pear trees are also a very valuable addition to any lawn or garden. Like the apple, it is a low-growing tree. Fruit is easily accessible from the ground and the fruit is large standard size. Approximately 15 feet at maturity. Plant 12 feet apart.

Bartlett Duchess

Price _______\$3.25
3 or more, each ________\$2.75

DWARF CHERRIES

Dwarf Cherry North Star—A cross between a very hardy Siberian Cherry and an English Morello. The Fruit is a bright red, changing to mahogany red. Ripens July 5th to the 10th. Promises to become a leading commercial variety.

2-year _______**\$3.50**

PEACHES

4 to 5 feet, each _______ **\$2.25**

A DEPENDABLE TEAM OF TIME-TESTED FAVORITES

Elbertα (Yellow Freestone)—The great market Peach, midseason. Very large, golden yellow with a red cheek. Tree is very productive, yields large quantities of uniform, highly-colored fruit. Can be shipped or hauled to distant markets. Exceedingly PROLIFIC.

Early Elberta—About a week earlier than Elberta, with all its good qualities. A special strain of Early Elberta that we have fruited for years and subjected to every test and found it a moneymaker wherever grown.

"J. H. Hαle—In size, color, texture, flavor, keeping and shipping qualities, it is the "GIANT OF PEACHES." Excellent freestone "Million Dollar Peach."

whelle of Georgiα—Large attractive, white Peach with red cheek. Delicious flavor; one of the best market varieties. Very hardy and easy to grow. Home canners prefer Belle, and for some time it has been recognized as the best allround white Peach on the market. Belle ripens midseason; large size free stone.

*Hale-Haven—A large new yellow freestone developed by crossing J. H. Hale and South Haven. Its high color even before complete ripening, gives it great market value because of the advantage of premature picking, packing and shipping without loss. Ready 2 weeks before Elberta.

1936 SPRIN	GCATALOG
PEARS	QUINCE
4 to 5 feet, each	
3 or more, each	Orange Quince—Large, roundish, short neck; golden flesh of excellent flavor. Highly regard-
Bartlett—Large size, with a heautiful blush nove	ed for preserves and jelly. The hardiest of all
to the Sun. Buttery, very inject and bigh	quince and unquestionably the leading com
mayoreu; the tree is a strong grower and a	mercial variety October
young and abundant bearer August and	
September.	CMAII POITIPO
Duchess—Very large, greenish yellow; fine flavor,	SMALL FRUITS
heavy bearer. October and November.	
PLUMS	GRAPES—2 Year No. 1
Price, each	Luscious, all colors and flavors
3 or more 2.00	Congord (Plan)
Abundance—Good quality; fine flavor; season	Concord (Blue)—The most widely-known and planted blue grapes. Superior in hardiness,
September. Trees grow large and bear heavily.	productivity and regularity in bearing, and in
ned.	ability to withstand disease and insects. The
Burbank—Large cherry-red; flesh amber yellow	leader for making grape juice. Each
with fich sugary flavor. High quality, very pro-	Price
ductive.	3 or more
Green Gage—Small yellowish green; flesh pale	Fredonia (Early Blue-Black)—A new very early
green, melting, luscious, standard of excellence. Mid-August.	grape, originated and tested by the New York
Vellow For Longs and L	Experimental Station. Ripens with Portland
Yellow Egg—Large and beautiful yellow; a little coarse but excellent for cooking. Late August.	The bunch and berry are large with excellent
Damson—Most popular "Little Blue Preserving	flavor. Excellent shipper, does not crack. This grape fills a long-felt need—a juicy, delicious
Plum." When canned the juice is rich wine-	black grape that ripens early. Vine vigorous
purple and highly flavored. Flesh is firm and	and productive. One of the best new varieties
green. Small stone, very hardy A wonderful	Price, each
snipper and a prolific yielder. Self pollenizing.	or more, each
Stanley—The best of all Prune-type Plums, Large	Niagara (White)—The standard white. Larger
to medium size; flesh greenish yellow, juicy	and beines than concord as good on
firm. Good for drying and excellent for eating when allowed to fully ripen.	better quality. Productive, vigorous adaptable
	tupens with Concord.
SWEET CHERRIES	Price
9/16 inch caliper each	.35
5 Or more each	Portland (Early White)—A new white grape.
Black Tartarian—Very large purplish black ten-	Ripens earlier than any other known grape, which permits it being planted over a wide
	Tange of territory. Kerries large and have been
June. This is the outstanding sweet cherry in our territory.	THE TOTAL STREET OF THE STREET AND ATTALL
Windsor—Fruit extra dark, bordering on black,	duly good qualities desired in a grang and in
large and attractive. Flesh is hard, meaty, and	corporated in it. Quality excellent, equal to the Niagara and other later grapes. It con-
pleasing to the taste. Fine for canning table	tains much sugar and can be eaten before it is
and market. Being a late, sweet variety, it al-	rully lipe. Vine hardy and productive var-
ways has a ready market. Ripens late July.	will be pleased with this grane Fach
CHERRIES	Price S.60
Price, each	3 or more, each .50
3 or more, each	
Montmorency—"The Universal Favorite" fruit,	Red Amber (Red) m:
large and of best quality; ripens in late June but remains on trees in good condition well in-	Red Amber (Red)—This very productive, am-
to July. Trees bear young: hardy and highly	ber red variety was originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The sweetest
productive. The leading sour cherry for com-	and most nighty-flavored of the hand-
mercial planting.	drapes. Quality very good for cooking and
Early Richmond—The earliest sour cherry-season	
June; medium size and good flavor. Trees are	Price S 80 3 or more, each .70
heavy producers. An excellent variety for home use and local markets.	.70
1 DDIGOMG	
APRICOTS Price coch	Caco (Early Red)—A new variety of extremely
Price, each \$3.00 3 or more, each 2.50	
Superb—The best flavored, most productive Apri-	and Concord, With all the good qualities of
cot yet produced. Medium size, light salmon	both, hipens early.
color, excellent quality. Ripens last of July.	Price, each
	3 or more, each

SIKAWBERRIES
Premier (Early) — The standard early berry.
Adapted to all soils. A heavy yielder of large.
bright red berries of fine flavor.
Per 100\$4.00
Per 25
Robinson—A new variety that you should try out by all means. The berries are very large, bright red and very delicious. Fine for eating, can-
ning, and freezing A very heavy bearer

home use. Per 100 _______\$4.00

Ripens right after Dunlap. Especially fine for

Dunlap-A very popular berry for home use and local market, noted for dependability and productiveness. A medium-sized, deep glossy red berry of rich, sweet flavor and wonderful

 quality. The ideal table berry.

 Per 100
 \$4.00

 Per 25
 1.50

RASPBERRIES



Cumberland Black Raspberry

Cumberland (Black) - Midseason, Berries are large ,fine and sweet. Cumberland has been the standard blackcap for many years. . Plants are self-supporting, non-suckering. Plant in early spring.

No. 1 tips ______ per 25 \$ 3.00

per 100 10.00

Bristol (Black)—One of the best new Black Raspberries. Berries are large, firm and of excellent quality. A heavy producer. No. 1 tipsper 25 \$ 3.00

per 100 10.00 Sodus (Purple)—This variety is the most promising Purple Raspberry on the Geneva Experi-

ment Farm. Berries are large, firm, and of good quality. Plants are vigorous and productive. Ripens shortly after Latham. DOES NOT SUCKER!!

No. 1 tipsper 25 \$ 5.00 per 100 16.00

Latham (Red)-Exceptionally large berries of good quality. Perfectly hardy; vigorous; disease-resistant. Very heavy producer, very profitable commercially.

No. 1 suckersper 25 \$ 3.75 per 100 12.50

√ Taylor (Red)—Is the most promising red variety at the present time. Plants are hardy, vigorous, productive, and increase rapidly. Berries are sub-acid and of excellent quality.

No. 1 suckers _____per 25 \$ 3.75 per 100 12.50 Chief (Early Red)—An early bearing variety. A productive sort.

No. 1 suckersper 25.\$ 4.50 per 100 15.00

Indian Summer (Red)-Fall or so-called Everbearing Red Raspberry. Berries are large, medium red, and good in quality. The summer crop ripens early. The autumn crop starts early in September and continues until severe frost. Plants are vigorous and bear heavy crops. Originated by the New York State Agriculture Experiment Station.

No. 1 suckersper 25 **\$ 4.00** per 100 14.00

BLUEBERRIES

This is a berry which has created a lot of favorable attention these past few years. An unusually large bearer, the berries often range in size from ½ to ¾ inch.

With some protection where the thermometer drops more than 10 below, they can be grown anywhere that other berries can be grown. They require acid soil and plenty of moisture. Acid fertilizer available at our office. For home culture, plant in rows 6 feet apart. Each 2 year \$1.25

MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCE

Gooseberry, Downing — Midseason, yellowish green fruit of medium size. Strong grower, heavy producer.

Pixwell—A red Gooseberry, which is very vigorous and productive

Rhubarb, McDonald Red - Excellent quality. sweeter than common rhubarb, thus requires less sugar. A heavy yielder of giant stalks.

Horseradish-An ideal condiment. Plant 2-year crowns in rich soil and by fall you can dig full-sized roots as needed. Hardy roots.

Whole rootsper 20 **\$2.00**

Asparagus, Washington-The best variety grown at this time. A strong grower, producing giant size stalks, green in color, rich and tender.

2 year No. 1per 25 \$ 3.25 per 100 9.00

Currant, Red Lake — Outstanding among new fruits. The big berries are borne in long bunches, well filled to the tip. Ripens early mid-season, but holds on over a long period. For home or for market, this is the variety to plant.

We are now observing, under field conditions, many new varieties of nursery stock. If they prove hardy ,we will add them to our wide range of "Hardy, healthy, Illinois-grown plants to beautify your home."

A HELPFUL SERVICE What Shall I Plant?

* Our Favorites

To assist in the proper selection of plant material for various conditions, uses and requirements, and to easily classify plants as to fruit, colors, and other characteristics we refer you to the following lists.

All plants recommended are either offered in this catalogue or available at the Nursery.

This reference will enable you to quickly and easily arrive at the proper variety list to cover your needs for any special or unusual require-

We are now observing, under field conditions, many new varieties of nursery stock. If they prove hardy, we will add them to our wide range of "Hardy, healthy, Illinois grown plants to beautify your home."

FOR A QUICK-GROWING SCREEN

Sawara Falsecypress Norway Spruce White Pine Scotch Pine Poplars Douglas Fir
Pyramidal Arborvitae
Silver Maple
Willows
*American Arborvitae Hemlock

*Honeysuckle (Forsythia)
*Honeysuckle (Red and Pink)
Sweet Mock Orange
Amur River Privet
Beautybush
Russian Olive
Arrowwood Viburnum
Highbush Cranberry

FOR A FORMAL CLIPPED HEDGE

Trees

Amur Maple Hopornbeam *Washington Thorne Pauls Scarlet Hawthorne
Norway Spruce
White Pine
*Yews (Taxus)
American Arborvitae Hemlock

SHRUBS

Green Barberry *Mentor Barberry Red Leaf Barberry Red Leaf Barberry
Alpine Currant
Golden Privet
Amur River Privet
Cucles Privet
Grootendorst Rose
Dwarf Arctic Willow
Teucrium Dwarf Hedging
Biglead Wintercreeper
Euonymus Alatus

FOR AN INFORMAL, FLOWERING OR FRUITING, OR EVERGREEN HEDGE

Barberry Japanese Flowering Quince Slender Deutzia Lemoine Deutzia Euonymus Patens Forsythia
Rose-of-Sharon (Althea)
*Pfitzer Juniper
Hetz Juniper
Honeysuckle
Oregon Grapeholly
Sweet Mock Orange
Lemoine Mock Orange
*Gold Rose of China
Rugosa Rose
Grootendorst Rose
Anthony Waterer Spirea
*Frobels Spirea
Van Houteei Spirea
White Lilac
*Purple Lilac
*Browns Yew Forsythia *Browns Yew Hatfield Yew Arrowwood Viburnum Highbush Cranberry

FOR A WET LOCATION Trees

American Arborvitae Hemlock Silver Maple
Silver Maple
*Red Maple
Downy Shadblow
Alnus glutinosa Hackberry Sycamore Poplars *Pin Oak American Linden American Elm

FOR WET LOCATION Shrubs

Red Chokeberry Clethra Alnifolia *Red Dogwood Willows rrowwood Viburnum *Highbush Cranberry

FOR A DRY LOCATION Trees

Amur Maple European White Birch Hackberry *Moraine Locust *Sunburst Thornless Locust *Sundurst Thorme *Thornless Locust Boleana Poplar White Pine Scotch Pine Chinese Elm Bald Cypress
Norway Pine
Scotch Pine
Vinca Minor
Oriental Arborvitae

Five Leaf Aralia Bush Cinquifoil Siberian Peashrub Russian Olive Chinese Juniper Communis Juniper Waukeegan Juniper Privet
*Honeysuckle
Indigo Bush
Sumacs
Rugosa Rose Tamarix Green Barberry Japanese Flowering Quince

BERRY-BEARING TREES AND SHRUBS Red Berries

Red Berries

Red Chokeberry
Greenleaf Barberry
Flowering Dogwood
Washington Hawthorne
Pauls Scarlet Flowering Thorne
Winged Euonymus
Biglead Wintercreeper
Zabelli Honeysuckle
Hopa Crabapple
Firethorne
Rugosa Rose
Coralberry
Highbush Cranberry

Black Berries

Downy Shadblow *Peking Cotoneaster Regals Privet Wayfaring Viburnum

White Berries

*Red Dogwood Snowberry

Deep Blue-Black Berries

Beautyberry Arrowwood Viburnum *Mahonia (Oregongrape Holly) Sour Gum (Nyssa) Hackberry White Fringe tree (Chionanthus)

SMALL OR DWARF PLANTS FOR THE BORDER

Dwarf Mock Orange Cranberry Cotoneaster Praecox Creeping Cotoneaster Deutzia gracilis Deutzia gracilis
Euonymus wintercreepers
*Hypericum aureum
Junipers Spreading types
*Oregongrape Holly
Bush Cinquifoil
Flowering Almond
Anthony Waterer Spirea
Thunberg Spirea
*Dwarf Highbush Cranberry
Globe Arborvitae
*Dwarf Highbush Cranberry
'Crimson Pygmy'' Barberry
Battic Ivy Baltic Ivy Chamaedrys Germander Pygmy Pea shrub Caryopteris "Blue Mist" ""Arnold Dwarf" Forsythia *"Arnold Dwarf" Forsythia
Hypericum Hidcote

*Mentor Barberry
Redleaf Japanese Barberry
Dwarf Border Forsythia
Regals Border Privet

"Claveys" Dwarf Honeysuckle
Chenault Coralberry

*Dwarf Winged Euonymus
Alpine Currant
Dwarf Purple-osier Willow
Hardy Lilac Chaste Tree
Butterfly Bush
Common Sweet Shrub
Fragrant Sumac

FOR A SMOKY, DUSTY, CITY SITUATION

Trees

*Norway Maple Amur Maple Hackberry Washington Hawthorne *Moraine Thornless Locust "Sunburst" Thornless Locust Sycamore Austrian Pine Scotch Pine *London Planetree Green Ash *Pin Oak Chinese Scholor Tree

Shrubs

Five Leaf Aralia *Greenleaf Barberry Forsythias Privets *Van Houttei Spirea Coralberry Snowberry Common Purple Lilac

Trees

Amur Maple
Downy Shadblow
Whitefringe Tree (Chionanthus)
*White Flowering Dogwood
Pink Flowering Dogwood
Sourwood (Oxdendron)
*Hemlock
Chinese Chestnut
Hophornbeam
IronWood

Shrubs (Shade)

Five Leaf Aralia
Chokeberry
*Sweet Shrub
*Red Bud
Clethra Alnifolia
Bigleaf Wintercreepers
Witchazel
Baltic Ivy
Snowhill Hydrangea
Golden St. Johns Wort
Irish Juniper
Regals Privet
Spiny Greek Juniper
Taxodium (Bald Cypress)
Hemlock
Halls Japanese Honeysuckle
Arrowwood Viburnum
*Oregon Grapeholly
Bush Cinquifoil
Firethorne
Rhododendrons
Coralberry

Snowberry
Taxus (Yews)
Highbush Cranberry
*Vinca Minor (Periwinkle)

WINDBREAKS - EVERGREEN

Virginia Redcedar
*Norway Spruce
Black Hills Spruce
*Douglas Fir
Hemlock
Concolor Fir
Austrian Pine
Red Pine
White Pine
*Voriental Arborvitae
Colorado Spruce

ROCK GARDEN PLANTS

Waukeegan Juniper
*Mugo Pine
Chaemaedrys Germander
Globe Arborvitae
Vinca Minor (Periwinkle)
Cotoneaster adpressa praecox
*Oregon Grapeholly (Mahonia)
*Oregon
Magnolias

FOR LAKE OR WATERSIDE LOCATIONS

Trees

Downy Shadblow
Black Gum (Nyssa)
*London Planetree
Sycamore
Bolleana Poplar
*Weeping Willow
*Moraine Thornless Locust

FOR WATERSIDE LOCATIONS

Shrubs Red Chokeberry Clethra Alnifolia Russian Olive *Rose-of-Sharon (Althea) Andorra Juniper Sumacs Common Purple Lilacs Tamarix Arrowwood Viburnum *Pussy Willow Corkscrew Willow

TREES FOR AVENUES AND STREETS Habit-tall, formal and heavy

Norway Maple-3
*Crimson King Maple-3
*Chwedlers Maple-2
*Sugar Maple-2
Tuliptree-1
London Planetree-2
American Linden-1
*Sycamore-2

Habit-tall, medium to light textured

Silver Maple-1 *Red Maple-2 Green Ash-2 Ginkgo-2 *Moraine Thornless

*Moraine Thornless Locust-1
''Sunburst'' Thornless Locust-1
*Pin Oak-2

American Elm-2

Habit-medium heigth for narrow, residential street

*Pyramidal Norway Maple-3 European White Birch-2 *Hackberry-2 Katsura Tree-2 Sweet Gum-2 *Mountain Ash-2 Japanese Kiaki Tree-2 Chinese Scholor Tree-2 *Boleana Poplar-1

* OUR FAVORITES!

Planting Schedule

We have an expert planting crew available for planting orders under the following schedule:

EVERGREENS

 Up to 24 in.
 each \$1.25

 24 in. and up
 each \$1.75

 Over ten evergreens at one time
 each \$1.00

SHRUBS each 75c
Over ten at one time each 65c

PRIVET HEDGE-Double price.

SHADE TREES

6 to 8 ft. each \$1.50 8 to 10 ft. each \$1.75 10 to 12 ft. each \$2.00

Minimum planting charge on any single stop, \$5. The above schedule is based on plantings within 50 miles of LaFayette and is subject to change without notice.



HOME

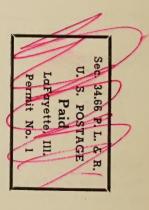
UY at HOME

Lafayette, Ill.



Stark Co.

LaFayette, Illinois





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